

(3) **CERTIFICATE OF TAXES PAID.** A certificate of the clerk or treasurer of the municipality or town in which the subdivision lies and a certificate of the treasurer of the county in which the subdivision lies stating that there are no unpaid taxes or unpaid special assessments on any of the lands included in the plat.

**History:** 1971 c. 41 s. 11; 1975 c. 94 s. 91 (3); 1975 c. 199; 1979 c. 248 ss. 18, 25 (3); 1983 a. 473; 1999 a. 85; 2001 a. 16.

## SUBCHAPTER V

### RECORDING OF PLATS

**236.25 Recording a plat.** (1) The subdivider shall have the final plat recorded in the office of the register of deeds of the county in which the subdivision is located.

(2) The register of deeds shall not accept a plat for record unless:

(a) It is on muslin-backed white paper 22 inches wide by 30 inches long and bears a department certification of no objection or it is reproduced with photographic silver haloid image on double matt polyester film of not less than 4 mil thickness, 22 inches wide by 30 inches long. Seals or signatures reproduced on images complying with this paragraph shall be given the force and effect of original signatures and seals;

(b) The plat is offered for record within 6 months after the date of the last approval of the plat and within 24 months after the first approval;

(c) The plat shows on its face all the certificates and affidavits required by ss. 236.21 and 236.12 (4);

(d) The plat shows on its face the approval of all bodies required by s. 236.10 to approve or the certificate of the clerk that the plat is deemed approved under s. 236.11 (2).

(3) The recording of a plat which is not entitled to be recorded under sub. (2) shall not of itself affect the title of a purchaser of a lot covered by the plat, the donation or dedication of land made by the plat, or the validity of a description of land by reference to the plat, but it allows the purchaser a right to rescind the sale under s. 236.31.

(4) Every final plat entitled to be recorded under this section shall be bound or filed by the register of deeds into properly indexed volumes. Any facsimile of the original whole record, made and prepared by the register of deeds or under his or her direction shall be deemed to be a true copy of the final plat.

(5) The register of deeds may furnish certified copies or other accurate reproductions of any plat on record in his or her office to surveyors, engineers or other interested parties at cost.

**History:** 1979 c. 248 ss. 19, 25 (5); 1983 a. 473; 1997 a. 332; 2001 a. 16.

**236.26 Notification to approving authorities.** When a final plat is recorded, the register of deeds shall notify all authorities required by s. 236.10 to approve or permitted by s. 236.12 to object to the plat by mailing to the clerk of each authority written notice thereof.

**History:** 1981 c. 314.

**236.27 Filing of copy of plat.** The subdivider shall file a true copy of the final plat as a public record with the clerk of the municipality or town in which the subdivision is located.

**236.28 Description of lots in recorded plat.** When a subdivision plat has been recorded in accordance with s. 236.25, the lots in that plat shall be described by the name of the plat and the lot and block in the plat for all purposes, including those of assessment, taxation, devise, descent and conveyance as defined in s. 706.01 (4). Any conveyance containing such a description shall be construed to convey to the grantee all portions of vacated streets and alleys abutting such lots and belonging to the grantor unless the grantor by appropriate language indicates an intention to reserve or except them from the conveyance.

**History:** 1971 c. 41 s. 11; 1983 a. 189 s. 329 (26).

**236.29 Dedications.** (1) **EFFECT OF RECORDING ON DEDICATIONS.** When any plat is certified, signed, acknowledged and recorded as prescribed in this chapter, every donation or grant to the public or any person, society or corporation marked or noted as such on said plat shall be deemed a sufficient conveyance to vest the fee simple of all parcels of land so marked or noted, and shall be considered a general warranty against such donors, their heirs and assigns to the said donees for their use for the purposes therein expressed and no other; and the land intended for the streets, alleys, ways, commons or other public uses as designated on said plat shall be held by the town, city or village in which such plat is situated in trust to and for such uses and purposes.

(2) **DEDICATIONS TO PUBLIC ACCEPTED BY APPROVAL.** When a final plat of a subdivision has been approved by the governing body of the municipality or town in which the subdivision is located and all other required approvals are obtained and the plat is recorded, that approval constitutes acceptance for the purpose designated on the plat of all lands shown on the plat as dedicated to the public including street dedications.

(3) **MUNICIPALITY MAY LEASE TO A SUBDIVISION ASSOCIATION LAND ACCEPTED FOR PARK.** The municipality or town in which the accepted subdivision is located may lease to a subdivision association any part of the subdivision intended for park purposes where such part has never been improved nor work done thereon nor funds expended therefor by the governing body, but such lease shall not exceed 10 years and shall only be for park improvement purposes.

A complaint against plat subdividers by a city set forth a cause of action with respect to costs incurred by the city in moving a tower and acquiring a right-of-way when the plat of a street dedicated as part of a subdivision did not show the existence, location, or easement of a power company's transmission line located in the area platted as a street. *Kenosha v. Ghysels*, 46 Wis. 2d 418, 175 N.W.2d 223 (1970).

**236.292 Certain restrictions void.** (1) All restrictions on platted land that interfere with the development of the ice age trail under s. 23.17 are void.

(2) All restrictions on platted land that prevent or unduly restrict the construction and operation of solar energy systems, as defined in s. 13.48 (2) (h) 1. g., or a wind energy system, as defined in s. 66.0403 (1) (m), are void.

**History:** 1991 a. 39; 1993 a. 414; 1999 a. 150 s. 672.

**236.293 Restrictions for public benefit.** Any restriction placed on platted land by covenant, grant of easement or in any other manner, which was required by a public body or which names a public body or public utility as grantee, promisee or beneficiary, vests in the public body or public utility the right to enforce the restriction at law or in equity against anyone who has or acquires an interest in the land subject to the restriction. The restriction may be released or waived in writing by the public body or public utility having the right of enforcement.

**History:** 1979 c. 248.

The hidden dangers of placing easements on plats. *Ishikawa*. WBB Apr. 1988.

**236.295 Correction instruments.** (1) Correction instruments shall be recorded in the office of the register of deeds in the county in which the plat or certified survey map is recorded and may include any of the following:

(a) Affidavits to correct distances, angles, directions, bearings, chords, block or lot numbers, street names, or other details shown on a recorded plat or certified survey map. A correction instrument may not be used to reconfigure lots or outlots.

(b) Ratifications of a recorded plat or certified survey map signed and acknowledged in accordance with s. 706.07.

(c) Certificates of owners and mortgagees of record at time of recording.

(2) Each affidavit in sub. (1) (a) correcting a plat or certified survey map that changes areas dedicated to the public or restrictions for the public benefit must be approved prior to recording by the governing body of the municipality or town in which the subdivision is located. The register of deeds shall note on the plat or certified survey map a reference to the page and volume in which